## **CH 223 Chapter Nineteen Study Guide**

- Identify the <u>transition elements</u>, the <u>d-block elements</u>, the <u>lanthanide elements</u>, the <u>actinide elements</u>, and the <u>f-block elements</u>. Be able to predict properties for each of these classifications.
- Know how to determine if an element is <u>paramagnetic</u> or <u>diamagnetic</u>.
- Be able to describe and identify <u>coordination compounds</u>. Know how to determine the oxidation number for a coordination compound.
- Know what a <u>ligand</u> is and whether it is <u>monodentate</u>, <u>bidentate</u> or <u>polydentate</u>.
- Understand why there are no cationic coordination compounds.
- Know what EDTA is.
- Know how to systematically name coordination complexes using the rules outlined in the handout.
- Be able to determine the <u>coordination number</u> for a coordination compound. Know the differences between <u>octahedral</u>, <u>square planar</u> and <u>tetrahedral</u> complexes.
- Understand the definition of an <u>isomer</u>. Realize that there are two types of isomers, both <u>geometrical</u> and <u>optical</u>.
- Know the terms <u>cis</u>, <u>trans</u>, <u>mer</u>, and <u>fac</u>. Know how they apply to isomerism in coordination compounds.
- Be able to explain briefly the differences between <u>molecular orbital theory</u> and <u>crystal</u> field theory.
- Know what differentiates between high spin and low spin complexes.
- Understand why coordination compounds are colored and how the complex can be explained using the crystal field model of bonding.
- Be able to solve and understand the assigned problems in problem set #6.
- Realize that this is the last chapter study guide that you will ever see in a Chem 22x class! On to the final exam and summer break!!!