Worksheet due dates: <u>Mon, 2/24</u>, 1:10 PM (01), <u>Wed, 2/26</u>, 1:10 PM (H1) or 11:59 PM (W1, email). To complete, show *detailed steps* on how to get the given answer for each problem. *Failure to use this form for work and answers will result in a point penalty.*

Name:

<u>Problem 1</u>: A 3.31 g sample of lead(II) nitrate is heated in an evacuated cylinder with a volume of 1.62 L. The salt decomposes when heated according to the equation below. Assuming complete decomposition, what is the pressure in the cylinder after decomposition and cooling to a temperature of 300. K? Assume that the PbO(s) takes up negligible volume. $2 Pb(NO_3)_2(s) \rightarrow 2 PbO(s) + 4 NO_2(g) + O_2(g)$

Answer to Problem #1: 0.380 atm

<u>Problem 2</u>: How much energy is needed to convert 64.0 g of ice at 0.00 °C to liquid water at 75.0 °C? Note that the Heat of fusion for water = 333 J/g.

<u>Problem 3</u>: Concentrated nitric acid is 70.0% by mass HNO₃ in water. The density of this acid is 1.42 g/cm^3 . What is the molarity of the acid?

Answer to Problem #3: 15.8 M

<u>Problem 4</u>: A 5.50 g sample of a compound is dissolved in 250. g of benzene. The freezing point of this solution is 1.02 °C below that of pure benzene. What is the molar mass of the compound? (k_f for benzene = -5.12 °C/m)

Answer to Problem #4: 110. g/mol

<u>Problem 5</u>: Polyethylene is a synthetic polymer or plastic with many uses. 1.40 g of a polyethylene sample was dissolved in enough benzene to make 100. mL of solution, and the osmotic pressure was found to be 1.86 torr at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. What is the molar mass of the polyethylene?