## CH 221 Chapter Two Part 1 Study Guide

- Explain the <u>historical development</u> of the atomic theory and identify some of the key <u>scientists</u> who made important contributions to this field (Democritus, Dalton, Curie, Rutherford, Thompson, Millikan, Mendeleev, etc.)
- Know the differences between and identities of <u>alpha</u>, <u>beta</u> and <u>gamma</u> radioactive particles.
- Describe <u>electrons</u>, <u>protons</u> and <u>neutrons</u> and the general structure of the atom.
- Understand the <u>atomic mass unit</u> (amu) and <u>elementary charge</u> (e).
- Be able to calculate the atomic mass of an element from *isotopic abundances*.
- Define <u>isotope</u> and be able to give the <u>mass number</u> and <u>number of neutrons</u> for a specific isotope.
- Explain the <u>difference between atomic number</u> and <u>atomic mass</u> for an element. Be able to find this information from a periodic table.
- Memorize the value of <u>Avogadro's Number</u> to at least four significant figures (6.022 \* 10<sup>23</sup>).
- Explain the concept of the <u>mole</u>. Be able to find the mass per mole from the periodic table.
- Know how mass per mole relates to mass per atom on the periodic table and know how to use this in calculations.
- Understand how to convert from moles of an element to mass of an element and from the mass of an element to moles of an element.
- Be able to identify the following groups from the periodic table: <u>metals</u>, <u>nonmetals</u>, <u>metalloids</u>, <u>alkali</u>, <u>alkaline earths</u>, <u>pnictogens</u>, <u>chalcogens</u>, <u>halogens</u>, <u>noble gases</u>, <u>transition metals</u>, <u>lanthanides</u> and <u>actinides</u>.
- Use the periodic table to predict properties of elements.
- Be able to solve and understand the assigned problems in problem set #2.