Study Questions for the Final Exam

- 1. Dihydrogen monoselenide has many uses. Draw the Lewis structure for dihydrogen monoselenide and describe its electron pair geometry and molecular geometry. What is the H-Se-H bond angle? Is the molecule polar or nonpolar?
- 2. Methanol, CH₃OH, can make people blind if ingested (don't drink it! :) Methanol has an -OH bond. Draw the Lewis structure for methanol and describe its electron pair geometry and molecular geometry around the carbon atom. What is the C-O-H bond angle? Is the molecule polar or nonpolar?
- 3. How many grams are there in 5.62 x 10^{13} molecules of C₈H₁₈O₄?
- 4. How many atoms of nitrogen are in 6.5×10^6 g of Al(NO₃)₃?
- 5. How many atoms of chlorine are there in 943.1 g of chlorine (Cl₂)?
- 6. Gallium reacts with iodine to make gallium iodide. Write the balanced equation.
- 7. Lead(II) nitrate reacts in a double displacement reaction with sodium iodide. Write the balanced equation.
- 8. Write the electron configuration for the following atoms: Ne, Mg, Cl, Ca, V, Kr
- 9. Write the electron configuration for the following ions: Na⁺, Al³⁺, F⁻¹, Cr⁵⁺.
- 10. In questions #8 and #9, above, which atoms and ions are paramagnetic? Which atom or ion is the *most* paramagnetic?
- 11. In questions #8 and #9, above, which atoms and ions are isoelectronic? How many valence electrons do the isoelectronic atoms and/or ions possess?

Answers appear on the next page

Study Questions for the Final Exam - Answers

- 1. H₂Se is tetrahedral / bent, 109 ° angle, polar.
- 2. CH₃OH is tetrahedral (at both C and the O); the MG around C is tetrahedral (around O it is bent). 109 °, polar.
- 3. 1.66 * 10⁻⁸ g
- 4. $5.5 * 10^{28}$ atoms N
- 5. 1.602 * 10²⁵ atoms Cl
- 6. 2 Ga + 3 I₂ \rightarrow 2 GaI₃
- 7. $Pb(NO_3)_2 + 2 NaI \rightarrow 2 NaNO_3 + PbI_2$
- 8. Ne: 1s²2s²2p⁶, Mg: [Ne]3s², Cl: [Ne]3s²3p⁵, Ca: [Ar]4s², V: [Ar]4s²3d³, Kr: [Ar]4s²3d¹⁰4p⁶
- 9. Na⁺: [Ne], Al³⁺: [Ne], F⁻¹: [Ne], Cr⁵⁺: [Ar]3d¹
- 10. *Paramagnetic:* Cl (1 unpaired electrons), Vanadium (3 unpaired electrons), chromium(V) (1 unpaired electron). Vanadium is the most paramagnetic.
- 11. Isoelectronic: Ne, Na⁺, Al³⁺, F⁻¹. These species have zero valence electrons.