

CH 223 Spring 2025:

Problem Set #5

Instructions

Step One (all sections):

- **Learn the material** for Problem Set #5 by **reading Chapter 16 and Chapter 17** of the textbook and/or by watching the videos found on our website (<https://mhchem.org/223>)
- **Try the problems** for Problem Set #5 found on the next pages on your own first. **Write out the answers (and show your work) by hand (on a tablet or paper)**; do not type your answers (and work) to avoid a point penalty. If you write the answers on the problem set itself, you will receive fewer points. Include your name on your problem set!

Step Two:

Section 01 and H1: We will go over Problem Set #5 during recitation. ***Self correct all problems*** of your problem set before turning it in at the end of recitation.

- *Section 01:* due **Monday, May 19 at 1:10 PM**
- *Section H1:* due **Wednesday, May 21 at 1:10 PM**

Section W1: **Watch the recitation video** for Problem Set #5:

<http://mhchem.org/v/t.htm>

- **Self correct all of the problems** while viewing the video. Mark correct problems with a star (or other similar mark), and correct all incorrect problems (show the correct answer and the steps required to achieve it.)
- **Submit Problem Set #5 via email (mike.russell@mhcc.edu) as a single PDF file** (use CamScanner (<https://camscanner.com>), CombinePDF (<https://combinepdf.com>), etc.) **by 11:59 PM Wednesday, May 21.**

If you have any questions regarding this assignment, please email (mike.russell@mhcc.edu) the instructor! Good luck on this assignment!

CH 223 Problem Set #5

* Complete problem set on separate pieces of paper showing all work, circling final answers, etc.

* Self correct your work before turning it in to the instructor.

Covering: Chapter Sixteen, Chapter Seventeen and Chapter Guide Five

Important Tables and/or Constants: $F = 96485 \text{ C/mol e}^-$, $R = 8.3145 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$, "Redox Reactions" (Handout), Table of Redox Potentials at the end of this problem set, Table of Thermodynamic values at the end of this problem set and here: <http://mhchem.org/thermo>

- Classify each of the reactions according to their spontaneity. Are these reactions enthalpy and/or entropy driven?
 - $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6(\text{s}) + 6 \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 6 \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$ $\Delta H^\circ = -673 \text{ kJ}$ $\Delta S^\circ = 60.4 \text{ J/K}$
 - $\text{MgO}(\text{s}) + \text{C}(\text{graphite}) \rightarrow \text{Mg}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}(\text{g})$ $\Delta H^\circ = 490.7 \text{ kJ}$ $\Delta S^\circ = 197.9 \text{ J/K}$
- Use a Table to calculate ΔH° and ΔS° for the reaction of silicon(IV) oxide with carbon:
 $\text{SiO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{C}(\text{graphite}) \rightarrow \text{Si}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$
 - Is the reaction spontaneous at 298 K?
 - Is the reaction predicted to be spontaneous at higher temperatures?
- Using values of ΔH_f° and S° , calculate $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{rxn}}$ for each of the following reactions. Which of these reactions is (are) predicted to be product-favored? Are the reactions enthalpy or entropy driven?
 - $\text{Ba}(\text{s}) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) \rightarrow \text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{H}_2(\text{g})$
(Note: for $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq})$, $\Delta H_f^\circ = -1002.82 \text{ kJ/mol}$ and $S^\circ = 74.5 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)
 - $6 \text{C}(\text{graphite}) + 3 \text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_6(\ell)$
- Using values of ΔG_f° , calculate $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{rxn}}$ for each of the following reactions. Which are product-favored?
 - $\text{HgS}(\text{s, red}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Hg}(\ell) + \text{SO}_2(\text{g})$
 - $2 \text{H}_2\text{S}(\text{g}) + 3 \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g}) + 2 \text{SO}_2(\text{g})$
- Estimate the temperature required to decompose $\text{CaSO}_4(\text{s})$ into $\text{CaO}(\text{s})$ and $\text{SO}_3(\text{g})$ using values of ΔH_f° and S° .
- The formation of $\text{O}_3(\text{g})$ from $\text{O}_2(\text{g})$ has a standard free energy change, ΔG° , of $+163.2 \text{ kJ/mol}$ at 25°C . Calculate K_p at this temperature. Comment on the connection between the sign of ΔG° and the magnitude of K_p .
- Write balanced equations for the following half-reactions. Specify whether each is an oxidation or reduction.
 - $\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ (in acid)
 - $\text{NO}_3^{-1}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{NO}(\text{g})$ (in acid)
 - $\text{MnO}_4^{-1}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{MnO}_2(\text{s})$ (in base)
- Balance the following redox equations. All occur in acid solution.
 - $\text{Sn}(\text{s}) + \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Sn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$
 - $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}(\text{aq}) + \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Cr}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + \text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq})$

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9. Balance the following redox reactions. All occur in basic solution.
- $\text{NiO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{Zn}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + \text{Zn}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$
 - $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + \text{CrO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s}) + [\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_4]^{-1}$
10. The following **voltaic** cell is created: $\text{Ag}(\text{s}) \mid \text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) \parallel \text{Cl}_2(\text{g}, 1 \text{ atm}) \mid \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq}, 1.0 \text{ M}) \mid \text{Pt}(\text{s})$
- Write equations for the oxidation and reduction half-reactions and for the overall (cell) reaction.
 - Which half-reaction occurs in the anode compartment and which occurs in the cathode compartment?
 - Complete the following sentences: Electrons in the external circuit flow from the _____ electrode to the _____ electrode. Negative ions move in the salt bridge from the _____ half-cell to the _____ half-cell.
11. Balance each of the following unbalanced equations, then calculate the standard reduction potential, E° , and decide whether each is product-favored as written. All reactions occur in acidic solution.
- $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{s}) + \text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq})$
 - $\text{MnO}_4^{-1}(\text{aq}) + \text{NO}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{NO}_3^{-1}(\text{aq})$
12. Calculate the potential at 298 K developed by a voltaic cell using the following reaction if all dissolved species are 0.015 M: (hint: use the Nernst equation!)
- $$2 \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$$
13. Calculate ΔG° and the equilibrium constant for the following reaction:
- $$\text{Cu}(\text{s}) + 2 \text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{Ag}(\text{s})$$
14. In the electrolysis of a solution containing $\text{Ag}^+(\text{aq})$, metallic $\text{Ag}(\text{s})$ deposits on the cathode. Using a current of 1.12 A for 2.40 h, what mass of silver forms?

Standard Reduction Potentials in Aqueous Solution at 25 °C

Reduction Half-Reaction	E° (V)
$F_2(g) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 F^-(aq)$	+2.87
$H_2O_2(aq) + 2 H^+(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 H_2O(\ell)$	+1.77
$PbO_2(s) + SO_4^{2-}(aq) + 4 H^+(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow PbSO_4(s) + 2 H_2O(\ell)$	+1.685
$MnO_4^-(aq) + 8 H^+(aq) + 5 e^- \longrightarrow Mn^{2+}(aq) + 4 H_2O(\ell)$	+1.51
$Au^{3+}(aq) + 3 e^- \longrightarrow Au(s)$	+1.50
$Cl_2(g) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 Cl^-(aq)$	+1.36
$Cr_2O_7^{2-}(aq) + 14 H^+(aq) + 6 e^- \longrightarrow 2 Cr^{3+}(aq) + 7 H_2O(\ell)$	+1.33
$O_2(g) + 4 H^+(aq) + 4 e^- \longrightarrow 2 H_2O(\ell)$	+1.229
$Br_2(\ell) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 Br^-(aq)$	+1.08
$NO_3^-(aq) + 4 H^+(aq) + 3 e^- \longrightarrow NO(g) + 2 H_2O(\ell)$	+0.96
$OCl^-(aq) + H_2O(\ell) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Cl^-(aq) + 2 OH^-(aq)$	+0.89
$Hg^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Hg(\ell)$	+0.855
$Ag^+(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow Ag(s)$	+0.799
$Hg_2^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 Hg(\ell)$	+0.789
$Fe^{3+}(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow Fe^{2+}(aq)$	+0.771
$I_2(s) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow 2 I^-(aq)$	+0.535
$O_2(g) + 2 H_2O(\ell) + 4 e^- \longrightarrow 4 OH^-(aq)$	+0.40
$Cu^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Cu(s)$	+0.337
$Sn^{4+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Sn^{2+}(aq)$	+0.15
$2 H^+(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow H_2(g)$	0.00
$Sn^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Sn(s)$	-0.14
$Ni^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Ni(s)$	-0.25
$V^{3+}(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow V^{2+}(aq)$	-0.255
$PbSO_4(s) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Pb(s) + SO_4^{2-}(aq)$	-0.356
$Cd^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Cd(s)$	-0.40
$Fe^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Fe(s)$	-0.44
$Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Zn(s)$	-0.763
$2 H_2O(\ell) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow H_2(g) + 2 OH^-(aq)$	-0.8277
$Al^{3+}(aq) + 3 e^- \longrightarrow Al(s)$	-1.66
$Mg^{2+}(aq) + 2 e^- \longrightarrow Mg(s)$	-2.37
$Na^+(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow Na(s)$	-2.714
$K^+(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow K(s)$	-2.925
$Li^+(aq) + e^- \longrightarrow Li(s)$	-3.045

* In volts (V) versus the standard hydrogen electrode.

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
aluminum			
Al(s)	0	0	28.3
Al(g)	324.4	285.7	164.54
Al ₂ O ₃ (s)	-1676	-1582	50.92
AlF ₃ (s)	-1510.4	-1425	66.5
AlCl ₃ (s)	-704.2	-628.8	110.67
AlCl ₃ ·6H ₂ O(s)	-2691.57	-2269.40	376.56
Al ₂ S ₃ (s)	-724.0	-492.4	116.9
Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃ (s)	-3445.06	-3506.61	239.32
antimony			
Sb(s)	0	0	45.69
Sb(g)	262.34	222.17	180.16
Sb ₄ O ₆ (s)	-1440.55	-1268.17	220.92
SbCl ₃ (g)	-313.8	-301.2	337.80
SbCl ₅ (g)	-394.34	-334.29	401.94
Sb ₂ S ₃ (s)	-174.89	-173.64	182.00
SbCl ₃ (s)	-382.17	-323.72	184.10
SbOCl(s)	-374.0	-	-
arsenic			
As(s)	0	0	35.1
As(g)	302.5	261.0	174.21
As ₄ (g)	143.9	92.4	314
As ₄ O ₆ (s)	-1313.94	-1152.52	214.22
As ₂ O ₅ (s)	-924.87	-782.41	105.44
AsCl ₃ (g)	-261.50	-248.95	327.06
As ₂ S ₃ (s)	-169.03	-168.62	163.59
AsH ₃ (g)	66.44	68.93	222.78
H ₃ AsO ₄ (s)	-906.3	—	—
barium			
Ba(s)	0	0	62.5
Ba(g)	180	146	170.24
BaO(s)	-548.0	-520.3	72.1
BaCl ₂ (s)	-855.0	-806.7	123.7
BaSO ₄ (s)	-1473.2	-1362.3	132.2
beryllium			
Be(s)	0	0	9.50
Be(g)	324.3	286.6	136.27
BeO(s)	-609.4	-580.1	13.8
bismuth			
Bi(s)	0	0	56.74
Bi(g)	207.1	168.2	187.00
Bi ₂ O ₃ (s)	-573.88	-493.7	151.5
BiCl ₃ (s)	-379.07	-315.06	176.98
Bi ₂ S ₃ (s)	-143.1	-140.6	200.4
boron			
B(s)	0	0	5.86
B(g)	565.0	521.0	153.4
B ₂ O ₃ (s)	-1273.5	-1194.3	53.97
B ₂ H ₆ (g)	36.4	87.6	232.1
H ₃ BO ₃ (s)	-1094.33	-968.92	88.83
BF ₃ (g)	-1136.0	-1119.4	254.4
BCl ₃ (g)	-403.8	-388.7	290.1
B ₃ N ₃ H ₆ (l)	-540.99	-392.79	199.58

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
boron continued			
HBO ₂ (s)	-794.25	-723.41	37.66
bromine			
Br ₂ (l)	0	0	152.23
Br ₂ (g)	30.91	3.142	245.5
Br(g)	111.88	82.429	175.0
BrF ₃ (g)	-255.60	-229.45	292.42
HBr(g)	-36.3	-53.43	198.7
cadmium			
Cd(s)	0	0	51.76
Cd(g)	112.01	77.41	167.75
CdO(s)	-258.2	-228.4	54.8
CdCl ₂ (s)	-391.5	-343.9	115.3
CdSO ₄ (s)	-933.3	-822.7	123.0
CdS(s)	-161.9	-156.5	64.9
calcium			
Ca(s)	0	0	41.6
Ca(g)	178.2	144.3	154.88
CaO(s)	-634.9	-603.3	38.1
Ca(OH) ₂ (s)	-985.2	-897.5	83.4
CaSO ₄ (s)	-1434.5	-1322.0	106.5
CaSO ₄ ·2H ₂ O(s)	-2022.63	-1797.45	194.14
CaCO ₃ (s) (calcite)	-1220.0	-1081.4	110.0
CaSO ₃ ·H ₂ O(s)	-1752.68	-1555.19	184.10
carbon			
C(s) (graphite)	0	0	5.740
C(s) (diamond)	1.89	2.90	2.38
C(g)	716.681	671.2	158.1
CO(g)	-110.52	-137.15	197.7
CO ₂ (g)	-393.51	-394.36	213.8
CH ₄ (g)	-74.6	-50.5	186.3
CH ₃ OH(l)	-239.2	-166.6	126.8
CH ₃ OH(g)	-201.0	-162.3	239.9
CCl ₄ (l)	-128.2	-62.5	214.4
CCl ₄ (g)	-95.7	-58.2	309.7
CHCl ₃ (l)	-134.1	-73.7	201.7
CHCl ₃ (g)	-103.14	-70.34	295.71
CS ₂ (l)	89.70	65.27	151.34
CS ₂ (g)	116.9	66.8	238.0
C ₂ H ₂ (g)	227.4	209.2	200.9
C ₂ H ₄ (g)	52.4	68.4	219.3
C ₂ H ₆ (g)	-84.0	-32.0	229.2
CH ₃ CO ₂ H(l)	-484.3	-389.9	159.8
CH ₃ CO ₂ H(g)	-434.84	-376.69	282.50
C ₂ H ₅ OH(l)	-277.6	-174.8	160.7
C ₂ H ₅ OH(g)	-234.8	-167.9	281.6
C ₃ H ₈ (g)	-103.8	-23.4	270.3
C ₆ H ₆ (g)	82.927	129.66	269.2
C ₆ H ₆ (l)	49.1	124.50	173.4
CH ₂ Cl ₂ (l)	-124.2	-63.2	177.8
CH ₂ Cl ₂ (g)	-95.4	-65.90	270.2
CH ₃ Cl(g)	-81.9	-60.2	234.6

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
carbon continued			
C ₂ H ₅ Cl(l)	-136.52	-59.31	190.79
C ₂ H ₅ Cl(g)	-112.17	-60.39	276.00
C ₂ N ₂ (g)	308.98	297.36	241.90
HCN(l)	108.9	125.0	112.8
HCN(g)	135.5	124.7	201.8
chlorine			
Cl ₂ (g)	0	0	223.1
Cl(g)	121.3	105.70	165.2
ClF(g)	-54.48	-55.94	217.78
ClF ₃ (g)	-158.99	-118.83	281.50
Cl ₂ O(g)	80.3	97.9	266.2
Cl ₂ O ₇ (l)	238.1	—	—
Cl ₂ O ₇ (g)	272.0	—	—
HCl(g)	-92.307	-95.299	186.9
HClO ₄ (l)	-40.58	—	—
chromium			
Cr(s)	0	0	23.77
Cr(g)	396.6	351.8	174.50
Cr ₂ O ₃ (s)	-1139.7	-1058.1	81.2
CrO ₃ (s)	-589.5	—	—
(NH ₄) ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ (s)	-1806.7	—	—
cobalt			
Co(s)	0	0	30.0
CoO(s)	-237.9	-214.2	52.97
Co ₃ O ₄ (s)	-910.02	-794.98	114.22
Co(NO ₃) ₂ (s)	-420.5	—	—
copper			
Cu(s)	0	0	33.15
Cu(g)	338.32	298.58	166.38
CuO(s)	-157.3	-129.7	42.63
Cu ₂ O(s)	-168.6	-146.0	93.14
CuS(s)	-53.1	-53.6	66.5
Cu ₂ S(s)	-79.5	-86.2	120.9
CuSO ₄ (s)	-771.36	-662.2	109.2
Cu(NO ₃) ₂ (s)	-302.9	—	—
fluorine			
F ₂ (g)	0	0	202.8
F(g)	79.4	62.3	158.8
F ₂ O(g)	24.7	41.9	247.43
HF(g)	-273.3	-275.4	173.8
hydrogen			
H ₂ (g)	0	0	130.7
H(g)	217.97	203.26	114.7
H ₂ O(l)	-285.83	-237.1	70.0
H ₂ O(g)	-241.82	-228.59	188.8
H ₂ O ₂ (l)	-187.78	-120.35	109.6
H ₂ O ₂ (g)	-136.3	-105.6	232.7
HF(g)	-273.3	-275.4	173.8
HCl(g)	-92.307	-95.299	186.9
HBr(g)	-36.3	-53.43	198.7
HI(g)	26.48	1.70	206.59

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
hydrogen continued			
H ₂ S(g)	-20.6	-33.4	205.8
H ₂ Se(g)	29.7	15.9	219.0
iodine			
I ₂ (s)	0	0	116.14
I ₂ (g)	62.438	19.3	260.7
I(g)	106.84	70.2	180.8
IF(g)	95.65	-118.49	236.06
ICl(g)	17.78	-5.44	247.44
IBr(g)	40.84	3.72	258.66
IF ₇ (g)	-943.91	-818.39	346.44
HI(g)	26.48	1.70	206.59
iron			
Fe(s)	0	0	27.3
Fe(g)	416.3	370.7	180.5
Fe ₂ O ₃ (s)	-824.2	-742.2	87.40
Fe ₃ O ₄ (s)	-1118.4	-1015.4	146.4
Fe(CO) ₅ (l)	-774.04	-705.42	338.07
Fe(CO) ₅ (g)	-733.87	-697.26	445.18
FeCl ₂ (s)	-341.79	-302.30	117.95
FeCl ₃ (s)	-399.49	-334.00	142.3
FeO(s)	-272.0	-255.2	60.75
Fe(OH) ₂ (s)	-569.0	-486.5	88.
Fe(OH) ₃ (s)	-823.0	-696.5	106.7
FeS(s)	-100.0	-100.4	60.29
Fe ₃ C(s)	25.10	20.08	104.60
lead			
Pb(s)	0	0	64.81
Pb(g)	195.2	162.	175.4
PbO(s) (yellow)	-217.32	-187.89	68.70
PbO(s) (red)	-218.99	-188.93	66.5
Pb(OH) ₂ (s)	-515.9	—	—
PbS(s)	-100.4	-98.7	91.2
Pb(NO ₃) ₂ (s)	-451.9	—	—
PbO ₂ (s)	-277.4	-217.3	68.6
PbCl ₂ (s)	-359.4	-314.1	136.0
lithium			
Li(s)	0	0	29.1
Li(g)	159.3	126.6	138.8
LiH(s)	-90.5	-68.3	20.0
LiOH(s)	-487.5	-441.5	42.8
LiF(s)	-616.0	-587.5	35.7
Li ₂ CO ₃ (s)	-1216.04	-1132.19	90.17
manganese			
Mn(s)	0	0	32.0
Mn(g)	280.7	238.5	173.7
MnO(s)	-385.2	-362.9	59.71
MnO ₂ (s)	-520.03	-465.1	53.05
Mn ₂ O ₃ (s)	-958.97	-881.15	110.46
Mn ₃ O ₄ (s)	-1378.83	-1283.23	155.64
mercury			
Hg(l)	0	0	75.9

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
mercury continued			
Hg(g)	61.4	31.8	175.0
HgO(s) (red)	-90.83	-58.5	70.29
HgO(s) (yellow)	-90.46	-58.43	71.13
HgCl ₂ (s)	-224.3	-178.6	146.0
Hg ₂ Cl ₂ (s)	-265.4	-210.7	191.6
HgS(s) (red)	-58.16	-50.6	82.4
HgS(s) (black)	-53.56	-47.70	88.28
HgSO ₄ (s)	-707.51	-594.13	0.00
nitrogen			
N ₂ (g)	0	0	191.6
N(g)	472.704	455.5	153.3
NO(g)	90.25	87.6	210.8
NO ₂ (g)	33.2	51.30	240.1
N ₂ O(g)	81.6	103.7	220.0
N ₂ O ₃ (g)	83.72	139.41	312.17
N ₂ O ₄ (g)	11.1	99.8	304.4
N ₂ O ₅ (g)	11.3	115.1	355.7
NH ₃ (g)	-45.9	-16.5	192.8
N ₂ H ₄ (l)	50.63	149.43	121.21
N ₂ H ₄ (g)	95.4	159.4	238.5
NH ₄ NO ₃ (s)	-365.56	-183.87	151.08
NH ₄ Cl(s)	-314.43	-202.87	94.6
NH ₄ Br(s)	-270.8	-175.2	113.0
NH ₄ I(s)	-201.4	-112.5	117.0
NH ₄ NO ₂ (s)	-256.5	—	—
HNO ₃ (l)	-174.1	-80.7	155.6
HNO ₃ (g)	-133.9	-73.5	266.9
oxygen			
O ₂ (g)	0	0	205.2
O(g)	249.17	231.7	161.1
O ₃ (g)	142.7	163.2	238.9
phosphorus			
P ₄ (s)	0	0	164.4
P ₄ (g)	58.91	24.4	280.0
P(g)	314.64	278.25	163.19
PH ₃ (g)	5.4	13.5	210.2
PCl ₃ (g)	-287.0	-267.8	311.78
PCl ₅ (g)	-374.9	-305.0	364.4
P ₄ O ₆ (s)	-1640.1	—	—
P ₄ O ₁₀ (s)	-2984.0	-2697.0	228.86
HPO ₃ (s)	-948.5	—	—
H ₃ PO ₂ (s)	-604.6	—	—
H ₃ PO ₃ (s)	-964.4	—	—
H ₃ PO ₄ (s)	-1279.0	-1119.1	110.50
H ₃ PO ₄ (l)	-1266.9	-1124.3	110.5
H ₄ P ₂ O ₇ (s)	-2241.0	—	—
POCl ₃ (l)	-597.1	-520.8	222.5
POCl ₃ (g)	-558.5	-512.9	325.5
potassium			
K(s)	0	0	64.7
K(g)	89.0	60.5	160.3

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Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K·mol)
potassium continued			
KF(s)	-576.27	-537.75	66.57
KCl(s)	-436.5	-408.5	82.6
silicon			
Si(s)	0	0	18.8
Si(g)	450.0	405.5	168.0
SiO ₂ (s)	-910.7	-856.3	41.5
SiH ₄ (g)	34.3	56.9	204.6
H ₂ SiO ₃ (s)	-1188.67	-1092.44	133.89
H ₄ SiO ₄ (s)	-1481.14	-1333.02	192.46
SiF ₄ (g)	-1615.0	-1572.8	282.8
SiCl ₄ (l)	-687.0	-619.8	239.7
SiCl ₄ (g)	-662.75	-622.58	330.62
SiC(s, beta cubic)	-73.22	-70.71	16.61
SiC(s, alpha hexagonal)	-71.55	-69.04	16.48
silver			
Ag(s)	0	0	42.55
Ag(g)	284.9	246.0	172.89
Ag ₂ O(s)	-31.05	-11.20	121.3
AgCl(s)	-127.0	-109.8	96.3
Ag ₂ S(s)	-32.6	-40.7	144.0
sodium			
Na(s)	0	0	51.3
Na(g)	107.5	77.0	153.7
Na ₂ O(s)	-414.2	-375.5	75.1
NaCl(s)	-411.2	-384.1	72.1
sulfur			
S ₈ (s) (rhombic)	0	0	256.8
S(g)	278.81	238.25	167.82
SO ₂ (g)	-296.83	-300.1	248.2
SO ₃ (g)	-395.72	-371.06	256.76
H ₂ S(g)	-20.6	-33.4	205.8
H ₂ SO ₄ (l)	-813.989	690.00	156.90
H ₂ S ₂ O ₇ (s)	-1273.6	—	—
SF ₄ (g)	-728.43	-684.84	291.12
SF ₆ (g)	-1220.5	-1116.5	291.5
SCl ₂ (l)	-50	—	—
SCl ₂ (g)	-19.7	—	—
S ₂ Cl ₂ (l)	-59.4	—	—
S ₂ Cl ₂ (g)	-19.50	-29.25	319.45
SOCl ₂ (g)	-212.55	-198.32	309.66
SOCl ₂ (l)	-245.6	—	—
SO ₂ Cl ₂ (l)	-394.1	—	—
SO ₂ Cl ₂ (g)	-354.80	-310.45	311.83
tin			
Sn(s)	0	0	51.2
Sn(g)	301.2	266.2	168.5
SnO(s)	-285.8	-256.9	56.5
SnO ₂ (s)	-577.6	-515.8	49.0
SnCl ₄ (l)	-511.3	-440.1	258.6
SnCl ₄ (g)	-471.5	-432.2	365.8

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Substance	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol)	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	S° (J/K•mol)
titanium			
Ti(s)	0	0	30.7
Ti(g)	473.0	428.4	180.3
TiO ₂ (s)	-944.0	-888.8	50.6
TiCl ₄ (l)	-804.2	-737.2	252.4
TiCl ₄ (g)	-763.2	-726.3	353.2
tungsten			
W(s)	0	0	32.6
W(g)	849.4	807.1	174.0
WO ₃ (s)	-842.9	-764.0	75.9
zinc			
Zn(s)	0	0	41.6
Zn(g)	130.73	95.14	160.98
ZnO(s)	-350.5	-320.5	43.7
ZnCl ₂ (s)	-415.1	-369.43	111.5
ZnS(s)	-206.0	-201.3	57.7
ZnSO ₄ (s)	-982.8	-871.5	110.5
ZnCO ₃ (s)	-812.78	-731.57	82.42
complexes			
<i>cis</i> -[Co(NH ₃) ₄ (NO ₂) ₂]NO ₃	-898.7	—	—
<i>trans</i> -[Co(NH ₃) ₄ (NO ₂) ₂]NO ₃	-896.2	—	—
NH ₄ [Co(NH ₃) ₂ (NO ₂) ₄]	-837.6	—	—
[Co(NH ₃) ₆][Co(NH ₃) ₂ (NO ₂) ₄] ₃	-2733.0	—	—
<i>cis</i> -[Co(NH ₃) ₄ Cl ₂]Cl	-874.9	—	—
<i>trans</i> -[Co(NH ₃) ₄ Cl ₂]Cl	-877.4	—	—
<i>cis</i> -[Co(en) ₂ (NO ₂) ₂]NO ₃	-689.5	—	—
<i>cis</i> -[Co(en) ₂ Cl ₂]Cl	-681.2	—	—
<i>trans</i> -[Co(en) ₂ Cl ₂]Cl	-677.4	—	—
[Co(en) ₃](ClO ₄) ₃	-762.7	—	—
[Co(en) ₃]Br ₂	-595.8	—	—
[Co(en) ₃]I ₂	-475.3	—	—
[Co(en) ₃]I ₃	-519.2	—	—
[Co(NH ₃) ₆](ClO ₄) ₃	-1034.7	-221.1	615
[Co(NH ₃) ₅ NO ₂](NO ₃) ₂	-1088.7	-412.9	331
[Co(NH ₃) ₆](NO ₃) ₃	-1282.0	-524.5	448
[Co(NH ₃) ₅ Cl]Cl ₂	-1017.1	-582.5	366.1
[Pt(NH ₃) ₄]Cl ₂	-725.5	—	—
[Ni(NH ₃) ₆]Cl ₂	-994.1	—	—
[Ni(NH ₃) ₆]Br ₂	-923.8	—	—
[Ni(NH ₃) ₆]I ₂	-808.3	—	—

Standard Thermodynamic Properties for Selected Substances

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